



Friday, September 26th, 1873.



A committee composed of the following gentlemen, Mr. Thomas M. Holt, President of the Society; Judge Thomas Settle, Senators Merrimon and Ransom, Gov. Caldwell, Hon. W. N. H. Smith, Col. I. J. Young, Hon. W. A. Smith, Hon. S. H. Rogers and Capt. T. F. Lee, was appointed to invite President Grant to be present at the State Fair, and a correspondent of the Washington *Republican* said that they would assure him that he "would be received with open arms by the people of the State." The Charlotte *Observer* gets terribly excited over the matter and scolds. After scorning various members of the committee, including Senator Merrimon, whom the *Observer* supported for Governor last year, it says:

These distinguished (?) men may welcome Grant "with open arms," but, speaking for the Conservatives of Western North Carolina, we can say that a portion at least of the people of this State would extend no cordial welcome to the man who of all others is perhaps most responsible for the present degraded and disgraceful condition of the Federal and State governments.

The italics and "astonisher" are as they appear in the *Observer*. The taste exhibited in them we leave to its friends to discover. The gentlemen composing the committee are the leading men in this State of both political parties, and include our Governor, our two U. S. Senators, members of Congress, etc. Waxing warmer, the *Observer* says:

President Grant, because of the high office with which he is invested, is entitled to respect and courtesy wherever he appears; but, in the South it is only the baser part of the body politic—its Radical portion—that will receive him with "open arms."

Does the *Observer* class Senators Merrimon and Ransom as among the "baser part of the body politic"? We did all we could to defeat these gentlemen, but we never knew them to be base. During the entire State campaign, while THE POST supported Gov. Caldwell and opposed Merrimon, we never wrote a syllable against his character or ability; but now the slur comes from a paper that advocated his claims for Governor. But we always knew that Republicans were ungrateful. Because Judge Merrimon would not bow down before the Vane, or extreme, wing of the Democratic party, he became distasteful and obnoxious to the faithful, and they were as fierce to denounce as they formerly had been to praise. This peculiar trait among the Democrats is illustrated in the following paragraph:

When Mr. Grant has done something to entitle him to the admiration or affections of the Southern people, it is time enough then for them to bestow honors upon him.

The time was when Gen. Grant had the power to crush the leaders of the rebellion as with an iron heel. His noble action at the surrender of General Lee, when he said to the Confederate soldiers, "boys, go home with your horses and make a crop," is forgotten; likewise his firmness in forcing President Johnson to respect the parole of the Confederate Generals. Gen. Grant had the power then, with an army flushed with victory to back him, to perpetrate almost any act of oppression, but he nobly stood between Andy Johnson's ignorant *states* and his paroled soldiers, and declared that if they were arrested he would resign his commission. Were there many Generals in the South who would have done as much?

— The French Royalists have hopes of a division in the Bonapartists' ranks. The Rouher faction is disposed to act in conjunction with the Royalists, while McMahon and his friends are opposed to the prolongation of the present provisional regime.

— Rev. Narrou Sheppard, a native of Bombay; Dr. Hugh Miller and wife, for twenty-five years connected with missions, in India, and Miss J. Kilpatrick, of Scotland, delegates to the Evangelical Alliance, arrived at New York by the steamer California, Thursday.

— The London *Daily Telegraph*, in an editorial on the financial crisis in New York, recommends the virtual suspension of all payments and the substitution of a system based on individual credit. By this means time will be given for the excitement to subside.

— The investigation at Glasgow into the running down of the ship *Abeona* by the steamer Alabama has terminated. The captain has been reprimanded, and his first officer, who was in charge at the time of the collision, had his certificate suspended for eighteen months.

— It is reported that the Spanish government will soon address a formal complaint to the French government, setting forth that the Carlist chieftain, Sebails, was permitted to pass through French territory, and cross the frontier into Caledonia without hindrance, in violation of the obligations of neutrality.

— Notwithstanding the exaggerated reports about yellow fever in New Orleans, the general health of the city was never better at this season. Dr. C. B. White, President of Board of Health, in an official statement to-day mentions the fact that seventy-seven days have elapsed since the first case occurred, and that to date the number of deaths from the disease has not averaged one and a half per day. He also states that there are now only twenty-six cases under treatment, and most of these are convalescent. The cases are all remote from the business centre.

— We called attention some weeks ago to the selection of Mr. Voorhees, for the orator and asked if he was to deliver a Dem-

ocratic speech, but have received no response. This seems to be the programme, according to the *Observer*, but we hope, for the future welfare of the society, that it is in error. If Dan Voorhees makes political speech on that occasion, it will be the sounding of the death knell of the society. So far, it has as far we know, carefully abstained from partisanship, and as we said in a former article, we have nothing to say against the selection of a Democratic orator on the occasion, but political issues have nothing to do with the State Agricultural Society, and if it would be a success, it had better keep clear of them. Now, the leading men of both parties unite upon the common platform of State progress, and in forgetting political animosities, labor for the common weal. This state of things should be carefully encouraged that the State may be prosperous.

The following customary glorification closes the article, and our Senators, members of Congress, and Governor must hide their diminished heads before this virtuous sheet:

The true men of the South are not made up of such base stuff as to lick the hand that has never been extended toward them, except to strike the liberties and interests of the country some deadening blow.

In the words of the prophet—figs."

#### EDITORIAL BUDGET.

The report of the failure of a Berlin bank proves unfounded.

— Francesco Tuverazzi proclaimed Dictator at Rome in 1849, died at Rome on Tuesday, aged 68.

— The Spanish Minister of Colonies proposes to go to Havana in person to study the Cuban question, with a view to making important reforms.

— Queenstown dispatch announces that the steamer Italy has arrived from New York, and that the steamer City of Antwerp has sailed for that city.

— It is reported that John Bright is opposed to the war against the Ashanti and will resign his position in the Cabinet if it is further prosecuted.

— The British Association, in session at Bradford, has adopted a resolution urging the Government to send an exploring expedition to the Arctic region.

— The London *Financier* says the business of the Atlantic cables has increased since the beginning of the panic in New York, and the receipts are now estimated at \$27,000 daily.

— The *Provisional Correspondent* says the visit of King Victor Emanuel to Vienna and Berlin offers to Europe another guarantee of a decisive and effective peace policy on the part of Italy, Austria and Prussia.

— The insurgent frigates left the harbor of Alicante because the foreign consuls, except the representative of Great Britain, protested against the bombardment of the city. The British consul, for some unknown reason, refused to join in the protest.

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— The £188,000 drawn from the Bank of England on balance, Wednesday, was for shipment to New York; £20,000 in addition to the above was shipped to the same place. It is believed in financial circles that a flow of bullion from England to the United States will commence soon.

— The money panic in Little Rock continues. While a large number of merchants decided to continue taking city money as formerly, a large number, including nearly all the produce and grocery dealers, signed an agreement not to take it as long as the banks refuse to give Eastern exchange for it.

— The examination of the bottom of the steamer *Wyoming*, which ran on a rock of Sable Island, reveals the fact that from stem to stern the ship's bottom was badly scraped, some of the bolts strained and heads torn away, opening seams of iron plates, thereby causing the leak. The rudder post was broken in two places, and one of the blades of the propeller was broken. One of the engineers says "the vessel had a remarkable escape, and in rough weather a crew could not have been saved." No tidings have yet been received of the third officer and the four men who left the ship in the life-boat when the ship struck.

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ADVERTISEMENTS.  
BEST AND CHEAPEST.  
Northern Artificial Stone Company  
FACTURERS OF ARTIFICIAL  
G AND BUILDING STONE  
ALKS, CURBING, FLOORING AND  
OTHER PURPOSES FOR WHICH  
REAL STONE IS USED.

al the Cost of Real Stone!

ely used in New York, Philadelphia,  
Washington, Raleigh, Baltimore  
and large cities.

LIST SIDE-WALK PAVEMENT;

per granite color, less than 50  
per cent.

per granite color, over 50 and  
under 100 feet, 18

per granite color, over 100 and  
under 200 square feet, 46

per granite color, over 200 and  
under 500 square feet, 38

per granite color, over 500 and  
under 1,000 square feet, 30

per granite color, over 1,000  
feet, 38

blocks, with different colors,  
inches (which should be of same  
color, warranting the stone to last  
years).

JOHN C. BRAIN, President,  
C. BUTLER, Secy and Trusty  
parties are authorized to make  
Company, except by order  
of the President or Secretary and  
Pamphlets can be had and ob-

100-ft  
FINAL NOTICE.  
Treasurer and Collector,  
CITY OF WILMINGTON,  
September 15, 1873.

CITY TAXES.

PROPERTY on which TAXES are  
paid October 1st, proximo, will be  
USED AND SOLD, as no longer in-  
will be given.

T. C. SERVOSS,  
City Clerk and Treasurer,  
102-112 Stoeckhawedday.

ARENDON SALOON!

side, at foot of Market St.  
LINGTON N. C.,  
ARBOROUGH, Proprietor.  
ines & Liquors always  
on Hand.

nished at all Hours and House  
open Day and Night.

With the best Baltimore and  
in Beef, weekly.

when in season, of the best  
furnished in any  
style desired.

99-100

HUMBUG!

owing cable telegram, which ex-  
was received at New York on  
morning by the Singer Sewing  
company, and may be relied upon.

VIENNA, August 10, 1873.  
wing Machine Company, New  
Vienna Exposition, first prize  
also the medal for the best spec-  
k done, and three medals  
for superior execution, pro-  
INSLEE A. HOPPER,  
Singer Machine Company.  
Sales Room No. 4, Lippitt's Row  
street, Wilmington, N. C.  
CHAS. E. DIBBLE,  
Manager,  
Wilmington Office.

EMOVAL.

A. LOWERY,

MAKER & REPAIRER.

removed my establishment to  
buildings on the corner of

AND CAMPBELL STS.

ridge, where I shall be pleased

to call customers and many new

aking, painting and repairing

Horse Shoeing, and various

work done on reasonable

and thirty years experience in

I am confident that I can do

work, and give satisfaction.

WORK WARRANTED.

JAS. A. LOWERY.

YOUR CHOICE.

ONE OF THE LATEST STYLES

OF

ssimiles and Vestings,

CLOTH,

IN AND BEAVER,

Cut by the latest Fall and

to suit the most "Fastidi-

oso, Gents' Furnishing Goods

ions, at the Merchant Tailor-

ment, No. 6 North Front street.

W. F. WENZEL.

Academy and Normal  
School.

OF WILMINGTON having  
established a system of free  
classes, has purchased the  
the American Missionary As-  
sociation their work in  
reorganizing the Williston  
Normal School.

with a full corps of Teach-

ers, the building corner of

streets. This will be

advised to all who de-

teachers, to prepare for col-

leagues for business.

per month, strictly in ad-

teachers employed in teachers'

seventh and Ninth streets.

D. D. DODGE,

Superintendent.

The Evening Post.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Friday, September 26th, 1873.

Post Office Regulations.

POST OFFICE, WILMINGTON, N. C.,

June 14, 1873.

From this date the mails will close as

follows:

Northern and way (morning) mail... 5 a. m.

Northern (night) mail..... 4:30 p. m.

Southern mail..... 8 p. m.

Western, C. C. R. R. mail..... 5 p. m.

ED. R. BRINK, P. M.

Hours for opening and closing Wil-

mington Library Association Reading

Room, daily:

9 o'clock a. m. to 1 o'clock p. m.

3 o'clock p. m. to 7 o'clock p. m.

On Saturday nights will be kept open

until 9 o'clock.

GEO. N. HARRIS is authorized to

contract for advertisements and to re-

ceive for any money due the Post.

ROUTE carrier boys are not autho-

ized to sell copies of the Post.

CITY ITEMS.

Signal Service, U. S. Army--Weather

Report.

OBERVER'S OFFICE, WILMINGTON, Sept. 26, 1873.

Time of Ob- Barom- Ther- Wind Weather-  
ervation eter. eter. Wind er.

7:00 A. M. 30 150 70 deg. E light Foggy

12:00 M. 30 170 78 " E gentle Cloudy

2:00 P. M. 30 174 79 " E fresh do

OTTO SCHUTZ,  
Observer, U. S. A.

No Mayor's Court this morning.

COLUMBUS Court holds much longer  
than usual.

THE POST is rapidly gaining popu-

larity--evidences of which--clubs of

subscribers are received almost daily.

AS HERETOFORE announced, Judge

Clark will hold the Robeson Court, and

Judge Russell the Court at Onslow this

Fall.

A GOODLY number followed the re-

mains of Capt. John C. McIlhenny to

his resting place, to pay the last sad ob-

sequies to his memory.

RETURNED.—Col. Brink returned last

night with his family, who have been

spending the summer in Ohio. The

Colonel looks improved by his short

Northern trip.

MR. WILLIAM MC LAUGHLIN, form-

erly of this city, but latterly Agent of

the Howe Sewing Machine Co. at Golds-

boro, has resigned his position and ac-

cepted the agency of the Wheeler and

Wilson Sewing Machine Company for the

counties of Wayne, Green, Lenoir,

Wilson and Pitts, with his headquar-

ters in Goldsboro. We wish friend Mc.

unparalleled success.

Two verdant chaps from the wild dis-

tricts were arrested and carried to the

lockup this morning for skylining on the

sidewalk, but were lectured by the

Captain of the Police Force and sent on

their way rejoicing, as they were not

familiar with the ways of city folk and

city laws. They of course could not

see any impropriety in "playing in the

road."

A FEW days ago some one discharged

a gun somewhere in the vicinity of

Eighth and Chestnut streets, the con-

tents of which, a minnie ball, passed

immediately over Mr. S. G. Hall's head.

Mr. Hall was in the late war and often

heard the music of these "little mosqui-

tos" without flinching, but now, in

times of peace and prosperity, he ob-

jects to being reminded of the "late

unpleasantness" in so alarming though

familiar a manner.

GOOD TEMPLARS.—Hon. W. C. Troy,

Grand Worthy Chief Templar of the

I. O. G. T. of North Carolina is now in

the city, and will organize a Lodge this

evening. The order is now in a most

flourishing condition throughout the

State; there being sixty-two Lodges in

existence, and about four thousand

members in good standing. One of its

features is the admission of lady mem-

bers, of whom there are many promi-

nent and influential. Mrs. Caldwell,

of Statesville, fills the honored position

of G. W. V. T. A large membership is

anticipated in this city.

ARE we to have a special term of the

Superior Court this winter? This seems

to be the only chance of clearing away

the civil dockets, and we call the atten-

tion of those interested, to this chance,

now in time. If it is deemed desirable,

let the matter be arranged at once, that

the necessary authority and publication

may be made. We would suggest that

the first Monday in January would be

a good time, as that would give three

weeks before the regular term, which is

four more. Two weeks would finish

criminal business, and five weeks of

**PROPOSALS.**  
**S T A T I O N E R Y.**

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,  
OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE,  
Raleigh, N. C. Sept. 4th, 1873.

In pursuance of law, sealed proposals will be received at this office until the first day of November, 1873, for furnishing the following amounts and kinds of Stationery, to wit:

150 reams Book Paper, sized and calendered,

2 x 38, 45 lbs.

61 reams Legal Case Paper

22 " Fool's Cap Paper

68 " Letter Paper, Congress

37 " Correspondence Paper, Congress

4 " Bullet Note Paper

5 " Accountants

15 " Envelopes

48 " Flat Letter

45 " Flat Cap

10 " Medium

13 " Demy

30 " Tax List Paper, sized 22 x 34,

60 lbs.

29 reams Letter Paper, 1/2 sheets, Lithographed Head, 5 changes

41/2 reams Letter Paper, whole sheets, Lithographed Head, 3 changes

1 ream Correspondence Paper, 1/2 sheets, Lithographed Head

2 reams Packet Note Paper, 1/2 sheets, Lithographed Head

1 ream Packet Note Paper, whole sheets, Lithographed Head

3 reams Blotting Paper, large sheets

1 1/2 reams Wrapping Paper, brown, heavy

2 1/2 reams Wrapping Paper, Manila

2 1/2 reams Envelope Paper Buff

2 1/2 reams Envelopes Bank Note Paper

2,000 Envelopes, No. 10 XXX, white

2,000 " " 9, " "

2,000 " " 8, " "

2,000 " " 7, " "

2,000 " " 6, " "

1,500 " " 5, " " Buffs

3,500 " " 5, " " White

1,000 " " 4, " "

2,000 " " 3, " " open ends

2,500 " " 12, XXX, white, Lithographed, 2 changes

13,000 Envelopes, No. 10 XXX, white Lithographed, 2 changes

8,000 Envelopes, No. 9, XXX, white, Lithographed, 8 changes

1,000 Envelopes, No. 8, XXX, white Lithographed

8,500 Envelopes, No. 7, XXX white, Lithographed, 3 changes

11,000 Envelopes, No. 6, XXX, white Lithographed, 4 changes

3,000 Envelopes, No. 5, XXX, white Lithographed, 3 changes

1/2 gross Congress Tie Envelopes, assorted sizes

10 dozen Cloth lined Envelopes, assorted sizes

12 gross Lead Pencils, Faber, No. 2

1 dozen Lead Pencils, Faber, No. 1

2 gross Lead Pencils, American, No. 2

4 dozen Lead Pencils, Faber, red and blue

50 gross Steel Pens, assorted

4 " " " " 5s

7 " " " " Magnes um

7 " " " " Washington Medallion

6 " " " " Falcon

4 " " " " Gilson 40

4 " " " " No. 300

4 " " " " Spencerian, No. 1

4 " " " " Spencerian, No. 2

1 " " " " Quill Pens, Congress

1 " " " " Italian

1 " " " " Quill Pen Mender

10 gross Penholders, cedar swell

1 dozen Penholders, gutta percha

45 sheets parchment, first quality

25 yards Vellum, Linen

11 boxes Newspaper Wrappers, large

63 boxes Paper Wrappers, small

1/2 dozen Paper weights, glass

1/2 dozen Paper Cutters, tin

1/2 dozen Spongus Cups, Glass

7 lbs. Spoons

5 lbs. Pencil Sharpeners

3 Arm Rests, very large

3 sets Drawing Instruments

10 quarts Black Ink, David's

10 quarts Writing Ink, Parker's

18 quarts Writing Ink, Arnold's

6 quarts Copying Ink, Maynard & Noyes

36 quarts Copying Ink, Carter's

2 1/2 gross Bradford's Black Ink, in 2 oz. bottles

3/4 dozen Carmine Ink, Couper & Fields

15 copy press Books, letter

20 Brushes, for copy press

13 boxes Oil Paper, for copy press

28 gross Gum Bands, assorted

1/2 gross Mucilage, Stickwells, 2 oz. flat bot

36 pins Mucilage, Stickwells

12 boxes Cope & Brushes

8 Ruling Pens

5 Cork Screws

10 Inkstands, large glass, for office use

72 boxes Twine, Flax, Large

28 boxes Twine, New England

2 Twine Boxes

25 Boxes Eyes

6 Eyelet Pun-hes and Sets

12 gross Metal's Paper Fasteners

21 Boxes Pins, Paper assorted

2 Dishes, 1874, pocket size

1 pair P. O. Scales

15 Guardian Bond Books, 4 qrs, cap, printed form

15 Apparatus Bond Books, 4 qrs, cap, printed form

20 Bond Books, 4 qrs, cap, printed form

20 Mort. Order Books, 4 qrs, cap, printed form

20 Justices' Dockets, 4 qrs, cap, printed form

5 Marriage Licenses, 6 qrs, demy, printed form

25 small Indexes, 4x12 inches

18 Minute Books, Co., Com's, 8 qrs, demy

15 Judgment Dockets, 8 qrs, demy

20 Minute Dockets, 8 qrs, demy

15 Execution Dockets, 8 qrs, demy

20 General Index, 8 qrs, demy

12 Marriage Records, 8 qrs, demy

40 Records of Deeds, 8 qrs, demy

10 Records of Accou'ts, 8 qrs, demy, ruled

5 Records of Settlements, 8 qrs, demy, ruled

10 Records or Orders and Decrees, demy, ruled

10 Records or Orders and Decrees, demy, ruled

All writing paper, and paper used in blank books, to be perfect, and all sizes and lots, directed to weigh no less than ten pounds to the letter ream and in proportion thereto.

All bids will contain samples of the several kinds of paper proposed to be furnished and stated distinctly the price per pound or ream of each kind.

Books and docketts marked \* to be in half binding, leather back and paper sides, these marked \* to be in full binding Russia backs and bands.

Further information in relation to books can be obtained at the office of the Secretary of State, where samples can also be seen.

All articles to be delivered before the first day of January, at the Capitol building, unless otherwise agreed by the Secretary of State.

Contracts will be awarded to the lowest bidder for each class offering sufficient security.

W. M. HOWERTON,  
Secretary of State.

Sept 20-74

**MISCELLANEOUS.**

**FIELD CROPS. 1873.**

**GENERAL AND SPECIAL PREMIUMS FOR FIELD CROPS.**

**JAMES RIMMOO**

The following General and Special Premiums for Field Crops, will be awarded at the Fifth Annual Fair of the Cape Fear Agricultural Association, to be held in the Fall of 1873:

**GENERAL PREMIUMS.**

**COTTON.**

For largest crop of Cotton upon four (4) acres or more of upland, with statement of quality of soil, mode of cultivation, amount and kind of manure used, the time of planting and variety of cotton; the land to be measured and the yield to be given, for affidavit—one bale to be exhibited:

Premium, \$100

For largest crop of cotton upon one (1) acre of land, regulations same as above:

Premium, \$25

For largest crop of cotton on one acre, by a boy not over eighteen years of age,

Premium, \$20

**CORN.**

For largest crop of Corn grown upon four (4) acres of upland or lowland. Regulations for Cotton and Corn—two (2) bushels to be exhibited as sample:

Premium, \$100

For largest crop of Corn grown upon one (1) acre of upland or lowland. Same regulations as above:

Premium, \$20

For largest crop of Corn grown upon one (1) acre of upland or lowland, made by a boy not over eighteen years of age,

Premium, \$20

**WHEAT.**

For the largest yield of Wheat from five (5) acres, under same rules and regulations for Cotton and Corn—two bushels to be exhibited:

Premium, \$100

For largest yield of Oats, Barley or Rye, same regulations as above; two bushels to be exhibited:

Premium, \$20

For largest yield of Barley, Oats or Rye, same regulations as above; two bushels to be exhibited:

Premium, \$20

**POTATOES.**

For largest crop of Sweet Potatoes upon one (1) acre; one fourth to be dug and two (2) bushels to be exhibited as sample:

Premium, \$100

For largest crop of Irish Potatoes upon one (1) acre; same rules as above for Sweet Potatoes:

Premium, \$100

**PEAS, &c.**

For largest crop of Ground Peas upon one acre:

Premium, \$25

For largest yield of Stock Peas upon one acre; for largest yield of Turnips upon one acre; two bushels to be exhibited, under same regulations as other crops:

Premium, each, \$100

For largest yield of stock pea vine hay on one acre; one bale to be exhibited:

Premium, \$20